

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co.
(Limited.)
AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND
MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND
LIFE. Established 1834.
Accumulated Funds \$3,975,000

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE
Capital £1,000,000
Reduction of Rates.
Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.
AGENTS.

IMPERIAL LIME
99 15-100 Per Cent Pure.

The very best Lime and in the
best containers.

In Lots to Suit.

Low Prices.

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.
AGENTS.

Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd.
ASSESSMENTS.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ASSES-
sment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per
share has been called to be due and
payable June 20, 1902.

The twenty-second assessment of
10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has
been called to be due and payable August
21, 1902.

The twenty-third assessment of 10%
or two dollars (\$2.00) per share has been
called to be due and payable October 21,
1902.

The twenty-fourth and final assess-
ment of 10% or two dollars (\$2.00) per
share has been called to be due and
payable December 20, 1902.

Interest will be charged on assess-
ments unpaid ten days after the same
are due at the rate of one per cent (1%)
per month from the date upon which
such assessments are due.

The above assessments will be pay-
able at the office of The B. F. Dilling-
ham Co., Ltd., Stangenwald building.
(Signed) ELMER E. PAXTON,
Treasurer Olaa Sugar Co.
May 12, 1902.

**Clarke's
Blood
Mixture**

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PUR-
IFIER AND RESTORER,
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE
BLOOD FROM ALL IMPURITIES FROM
WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin
Bleeds, Rheumatism, Blackheads, Pimples and
sores of all kinds, it is a never failing and
permanent cure. 1.

Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the
Face.

Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.

Clears the Blood from all impure matter.
From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheu-
matic Pains.

It removes the cause from the Blood
and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste
and warranted free from anything injuri-
ous to the most delicate constitution, it
either cures the disease or relieves the
sufferer to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WON-
DERFUL CURES
FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles
of 12 each, and in cases containing six
times the quantity, sufficient to effect a
permanent cure. Beware of cheap imitations
of long-standing cases. Beware of cheap
and PATENT MEDICINE VENDOR
throughout the world. Proprietors
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES
DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, Eng-
land. Trade mark—BLOOD MIXTURE.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's
Blood Mixture should see that they get the
genuine article. Worthless
imitations and substitutes are sometimes
palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The
words, "Lincoln and Midland Counties
Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are
engraved on the Government stamp, and
"Clarke's World-Famed Blood Mixture
bottle in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH
NONE ARE GENUINE."

CASTLE & COOKE CO., LTD.
MONOLULU.

Commission Merchants

SUGAR FACTORS.

AGENTS FOR
The Ewa Plantation Company,
The Waiwala Agricultural Co., Ltd.,
The Kohala Sugar Company,
The Waimea Sugar Mill Company,
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.
The Standard Oil Company,
The George F. Blake Steam Pump
Company, Centerville,
The New England Mutual Life Insur-
ance Company, of Boston,
The Aetna Fire Insurance Company, of
Hartford, Conn.,
The Alliance Assurance Company, of
London.

TRAGEDY ON THE HIGH SEA

A Crazy Fireman Met Death in the Deep.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The steamer Tampico which arrived from Seattle last evening, after a voy-
age of eleven days, brings a drama-
tic story of a man jumping overboard
and the heroic and remarkably quick
work of the officers and men of that
vessel in rescuing his body. Within
ten minutes after he had jumped over-
board the steamer had been put about,
a boat manned and lowered, the man
picked up, and his unconscious body
placed on the deck of the vessel. It is
probably the quickest work of the kind
ever done. The man died without being
restored to consciousness.

The tragedy happened when the ves-
sel was only four days out from Seat-
tle. August Walters, a fireman, forty-
five years of age, had been complaining
of illness and was probably out of his
mind. The chief engineer had relieved
him of his duties and he was spending
his time about the officers' quarters try-
ing to recover his senses. The officer
had been using him well and thought
to cheer him up by kind words. At
about four o'clock Walters jumped
over the side. A sailor shouted "man
overboard." Captain Ames, the new
master of the Tampico was on the
bridge, and hearing the cry acted very
promptly. He brought the vessel
around, sent the mate up into the rig-
ging to watch the spot where the man
jumped into the sea, had a boat man-
ned and lowered in charge of second
mate Healy, and by keen judgment
brought the vessel back to the exact
place where the man had jumped over.
The boat's crew secured the body
promptly.

The body still had life in it when
brought on deck and the captain used
every means in his power to restore
consciousness but in an hour's time life
was pronounced extinct. Arrangements
were made at once for the burial. At
seven o'clock the steamer was stopped
and amid the tolling of the vessel's bell
the captain read the burial service and
the body was sent to its final resting
place by being put into the sea for a
second time.

The entries in the vessel's log give
a brief account of the tragedy. They
say: "At 2:51 p. m. in lat. 51-14 north
and longitude 126-42 west August Wal-
ters, fireman, who had been complain-
ing of feverish ill and was off duty,
jumped overboard. The life boat was
brought on board and all efforts were
made to revive him but without suc-
cess. At 5:15 it was decided that life
was extinct and preparations were
made for burial. At 7 o'clock the ves-
sel was stopped and the man was
buried."

Captain Ames was formerly master
of the transport Hancock, and is well
known in Honolulu.

COLOMBIAN REBELS TAKE A GUNBOAT

SAN JOSE (Costa Rica), August 15.—
News has reached here from the camp
of the Colombian revolutionists in the
Agua Dulce district that, after a naval
engagement, the Colombian government
gunboat Boyaca was captured by the
revolutionists. Three hundred govern-
ment soldiers and Generals Ortiz and
Henao, and supplies of munitions of
war and provisions, were captured with
the Boyaca.

The Colombian revolutionists also are
said to have secured a gasoline launch
which was in the government service.
According to advices received here
from the isthmus the Boyaca left Pan-
ama July 29th with 300 troops of the
Colombian government on board, des-
tined to re-enforce the command of the
governor General Morales. Bent at
Agua Dulce, the Boyaca was said to
have been attacked by the revolution-
ary fleet and obliged to retreat, since
when nothing has been heard of the
vessel on the isthmus.

KINGSTON (Jamaica), August 15.—
The British steamer Floridian, from
Liverpool, July 24th, for West Indian
and Central American ports, arrived
here today from Colon and reported
considerable insurgent activity in the
neighborhood of the isthmus. An at-
tack on General Morales' fleet at
Colon was feared and the Colom-
bian government was making strenu-
ous efforts to largely re-enforce the
garrisons there and at Colon. Regarding
the recent battle at Agua Dulce, the
Floridian's officers report that the gov-
ernment of Colombia claimed the insur-
gents were routed, but that it was
believed at Colon that the engagement
was undecided.

Situation in India Serious.

LONDON, August 15.—Official and
other reports from India declare the
famine situation there is becoming
more serious owing to the lack of rain
throughout almost the entire country,
and especially in the Bombay presi-
dency. There has been a great increase
in the number of natives to receive re-
lief.

WENT TO VISIT HIS SISTER.

A. J. Cottingham went to Wash-
ington Co., Ark., U. S. A., to see his
sister and while there was taken with
flux (dysentery) and was very bad off.
He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic,
Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and
was so much pleased with the prompt
cure which it effected, that he wrote
the manufacturers a letter in praise
of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham re-
sides at Lockland, Ark., U. S. A. For
sale by all druggists and dealers. Ben-
son, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaii.

ARE JAPS HOLDING THE WRONG MARCUS ISLAND?

The Latitude and Longitude Set Down by the
Captain of the Kasagi Not Those of
Rosehill's Guano Depot.

Perhaps the Japanese have got hold
of one island and Captain Rosehill is
after another. According to the fol-
lowing Tokyo dispatch the place claim-
ed by the little brown men is in 24 deg.
14 min. 30 sec. north latitude and 145
deg. 14 min. 30 sec. east longitude.
Prof. Lyons, the government meteorol-
ogist, says that the Marcus Island
Captain Rosehill sailed for is in longi-
tude 133 or 134 deg. and in latitude 24
deg. 18 min.—about 500 miles from the
point where the fifteen Japanese mar-
ines are waiting. It has been on record
a great while, even Bowditch's Na-
vigator of 60 years ago having it. This
may account for the fact that, when
the cruiser Kasagi left the Mikado's
"Marcus," on July 31, the schooner
Whelan had not arrived. She left here
July 11.

YOKOHAMA, July 31.—The Herald
says: The Japanese cruiser Kasagi,
which was Yokosuka for Marcus Island
at the 23rd ult., with Mr. Ishii, Sec-
retary of the Department for Foreign Af-
fairs, on board, arrived at her destina-
tion after a four days voyage, and
again left Marcus Island in the 29th ult.,
after two days' stay there, safely ar-
riving at Yokosuka on the 3rd inst.
Captain Sakamoto, of the Kasagi came
up to Tokyo Monday and reported to
the Department of the Navy at 8:30 a.
m. to tender a detailed report. Mr.
Ishii intended, when he left Yokosuka,
to stay on the island for the purpose
of explaining to the American expedi-
tionary party the fact that the island
is under the sovereignty of Japan. But
it was found, on the Kasagi's arrival
that there was no good shelter for the
warship, and moreover, as the sound-
ings were very deep, she could not lie
at anchor safely, so she kept up along
and cruised around the island. As it
was uncertain as to when the Ameri-
can expeditionary party would arrive,
it was decided to leave there a party
of fifteen men under command of a
Lieut. to whom Mr. Ishii handed over a
letter describing in detail the object of
the mission, to be given to the expedi-
tionary force on its arrival. A tempo-
rary shed was erected and a Japa-
nese flag hoisted over the building.
After completing these arrangements,
the man-of-war left the island for the
original port of departure. After mi-

nute investigation by the commander
of the warship, it was ascertained that
the island was situated in 24 deg. 14
min. 30 sec. north latitude, and 145 deg.
14 min. 30 sec. east longitude. The island
and is covered with fine forests and
there are many small coral islands in
the vicinity which afford a beautiful
view. Southern Birds Island (Mantou
Tori Shima) as it is called in Japanese,
is practically a natural aviary. It is
covered with birds, and it is no ex-
aggeration to say that in some parts
the pedestrian is compelled to make use
of his stick in order to clear them out
of his path. The species of birds living
on the island alternately change with
the seasons. At present a peculiar
species unknown on the mainland of
Japan is plentiful, and another is ex-
pected to come over in September.
More than thirty Japanese are living
on the island. They are brave active,
and adventurous. They build their
houses with coconut leaves and live
on fish, birds, etc. Mr. Ishii brought
with him two kinds of birds, the
smallest being white in color and about
the size of a sparrow. Another was
black and a little larger, and the last
was a little bigger than a dove and
white in color, with a streak of red
plumage in the tail. They are describ-
ed as very beautiful and their beaks
are sharp pointed. It is believed that
they live on fish and usually keep to
the sea, only flocking to the island to
rear their young.

The Gazette's Tokyo correspondent
learns on the best authority that Mr.
Ishii, Foreign Office Secretary, who left
Yokosuka a few days ago on board the
Kasagi for Marcus Island to attest
Japanese ownership of the island, had
with him a document rendered by
Colonel Buck, United States Minister
at Tokyo. The gist of the document
is to warn Captain Rosehill that it
would be inadvisable to do anything
definite if he saw a Japanese man-of-
war, carrying a properly authorized
Japanese representative, and this may
be shown to the Captain by Mr. Ishii.
In view of the probable authorization
of Captain Rosehill's expedition at
Washington, he would not be justified
in abandoning his purpose except upon
such evidence as that furnished him
through Mr. Ishii by Colonel Buck.

GERMANY MAY OCCUPY A VENEZUELAN PORT

President Castro Makes a Strong Rejoinder and
Appeals to the Monroe Doctrine as
Interpreted by the United States.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A memorandum
has been delivered to the German Min-
ister in Caracas, Venezuela, and confi-
dentially to the representatives of all the
friendly powers, cables the Herald cor-
respondent at Willemstad, Curacao. This
memorandum was an answer to the note
transmitted last December by Ambassador
Von Holleben to United States Govern-
ment.

The German note was not officially
known to the President until the present
time. The Kaiser's Government in that
note informed the United States of its
intention to occupy a Venezuelan port in
order to enforce payment of the German
claims.

President Castro's official answer to that
note is regarded by members of his Gov-
ernment as a strong document. He con-
tends that Germany has not respected
Venezuela's right to legislate both for
Venezuelan citizens and for foreigners re-
siding in Venezuela.

Castro insists that the claims of the
Germans and other foreigners for their
damages during the civil war should be
presented to and decided only by Ven-
ezuelan courts.

Germany maintains that satisfaction
cannot be obtained in that way, owing to

the well known and peculiar characteris-
tics of Venezuelan courts, which are
President Castro's instruments.

The Kaiser's Government contends that
the claims should be settled by confer-
ences between a German diplomatic agent
and the Venezuelan Minister of Foreign
Affairs, and in case of a disagreement
the matter should be referred to The Hague
international court of arbitration.

President Castro's memorandum de-
clares that the German claims have been
exaggerated and contains a list of refer-
ences to authorities on international law
to support the Government's argument.

It is declared that Germany has not
made a legal argument, but simply a
series of demands, to the validity of
which Venezuela objects.

In conclusion the Venezuelan memoran-
dum says that the Government presents
to the German Empire and to the friend-
ly powers its protest against the ideas,
imputations and purposes of the German
note of December 11th and declares that
this protest is necessary.

It asserts that Venezuela, as an inde-
pendent nation, objects to the motives of
Ambassador Holleben's communication to
the United States Government and con-
siders that the note, in its political aspect
and general character, affects the integrity
of the rights of the American hemisphere
—and integrity which all American repub-
lics must uphold and for the strengthening
of which two international congresses
have met through the influence of the
United States.

Gunseulus for London

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The report that
Dr. Gunseulus of Chicago will succeed
Dr. Parker at the City Temple is prema-
ture, says the London correspondent of
the Tribune, but consultations have been
held during the week and he can evidently
stay in London if he wishes to give up his
work in America. Dr. Gunseulus' oratory
and extraordinary energy and interest in
the industrial education have made a deep
impression here. His American friends
think, however, that he will make a
serious mistake if he allows himself to be
transferred to an environment so unlike
the one to which he was accustomed in
the West.

A Find of Millions.

LONDON, August 15.—The annual re-
port of the Postmaster General shows
that the large total of \$3,325,000 was
found in letters undelivered during the
past year. The undelivered letters to-
taled no less than 10,000,000, while the
delivered missives amounted to 2,451,
500,000, an average of 55.9 for each per-
son in the United Kingdom.

An Army Out of Work.

CHICAGO, August 16.—The Inter
Ocean this morning says: Following
the International Harvester Company's
public declaration that economy in the
manufacture and distribution of agri-
cultural machinery was the motive for
effecting the \$120,000,000 merger, several
of the Chicago companies that make up
the combine yesterday issued letters to
their general agents throughout the
country ordering a reduction of about
the field.

The old companies in the combine
are preparing to follow their example.
Equally radical reductions in the office
forces are being planned by all. It is
said, for the near future, Ten thou-
sand men in all are expected to lose
their positions.

Oregon Ordered to Asia.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Orders have
been issued at the Navy Department for
the fitting out of the battleship Oregon at
San Francisco for duty on the Asiatic
station, to which she will be assigned.

SWEPT BY TIDAL WAVE

The Pacific Coast
Town of Mexico
Hit.

CULLACAN (Mexico), August 15.—
The lower portion of the city of Altata,
on the Pacific coast, just west of Culla-
can, has been completely destroyed by
a tidal wave, and not fewer than thirty
people are known to have been drown-
ed. The loss of life may be several
times that number. The property loss
is heavy.

It is reported that several smaller
coast towns situated above Altata were
completely washed away by the same
tidal wave and that the loss of life in
these smaller places is very heavy.

Relief for the sufferers at Altata will
be sent from Cullacan, and it is ex-
pected that the state and Federal gov-
ernments will take prompt action for
the relief of the destitute.

CITY OF MEXICO, August 15.—A
telegram received here tonight stated
that a rumor was current in the United
States that fifty persons were
drowned in a tidal wave at Altata,
Mexico. Nothing is known here of
such a happening. Altata is a seaport
town near Cullacan, on the Pacific
Coast.

SCHWAB MAY LOSE HIS JOB

NEW YORK, August 14.—The Press
says: With the home-coming of J.
Pierpont Morgan next week, the retire-
ment of Charles M. Schwab, president
of the United States Steel Corporation,
and the election of James Gayley, the
present first vice-president, as his suc-
cessor, will be taken into immediate
consideration. The bewildering array
of projects which demand the attention
of Morgan and his associates may de-
lay action a few weeks, but just as soon
as they can get around to it the change
will be made.

Schwab's ill health is one reason that
has brought the management of the
billion-dollar trust to the view that the
change should be made. But there is
another more potent and that is the
lack of harmony between Schwab and
his fellow members of the executive
committee of the steel trust.

Schwab was a very efficient mechanic
when Carnegie took a fancy to him. His
knowledge of steel manufacture in all
its grades was what had endeared him
to Carnegie, and with Scotch pertinacity
Carnegie refused to see the lack of
upper qualifications and issued his ulti-
matum that if the United States Cor-
poration didn't want to take Schwab
they couldn't take the Carnegie plant.

From the beginning it was patent
that Schwab was not in sympathy with
his associates. He was not an old man,
but he was too old to take up a line of
thought entirely new and adapt himself
to conditions with which he was wholly
unfamiliar.

When it came to discussing mechan-
ical details he was at home. When it
came to originating or drawing com-
mercial operations he was at sea, and
so it came about that the executive and
administrative work of the aggregated
industries fell on other shoulders.

So far as known there was no specific
agreement entered into with Carnegie
as to how long Schwab was to remain
as president. If there was the time limit
has expired.

Schwab is credited with receiving a
salary of a million dollars a year.

THE DOOM OF A TOWN.

Half the Population of New Hartford,
Conn., on the Move.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The depopula-
tion of New Hartford as the result of
an order issued by the Cotton Duck com-
bination to shut down its Greenwood
mills there on September 1 for an in-
definite period, has begun in earnest, no
less than 500 people having left the town
inside of two weeks, says a Windsor,
Conn., special to the World. By the mid-
dle of next month it is estimated that
fully one-half of the population of the
place, which is 3,500, will have left.

"Picnics reading 'Closing out business'
and 'To rent' are already in store win-
dows, and 'For sale' signs are tacked on
property everywhere. In the district
known as 'Dublin,' where several hun-
dred of the mill operatives lived, there
remains but a single family. Business
men already feel the effect and are plan-
ning to locate elsewhere. Truckmen,
however, are doing a big business hauling
household goods to the railroad stations
day and night.

The Greenwood plant is to be removed
to Tallahassee, Ala., where, according to
an alleged statement of the Mount Vernon
Woodyard Cotton Duck combine, manu-
facturing can be done more cheaply. The
business was established in New Hart-
ford in 1833.

He Caught Consumption.

NEW YORK, August 15.—A special
to the Sun from New Haven, Conn.,
says: Yale men here have received
news that Dr. F. H. Scofield of Bridge-
port, son of City Engineer H. O. Sco-
field, is dying of consumption in Den-
ver. He was a student at Yale until
three years ago. He made a special
study of tuberculosis, and out of a class
of 44 he is the eleventh to contract con-
sumption while endeavoring to find a
cure for it.

Found Rings in Dog.

GREENWICH (Conn.), Aug. 14.—Mrs.
W. McMaster Mills' diamonds, which her
pet bull dog, Sport, swallowed on Tues-
day afternoon, were recovered today and
the dog has gained his freedom. Mrs.
Mills told her fellow boarders at the
hotel this morning that she had the three
rings again, and that the dog had truly
swallowed them, as she surmised. The
dog had been under a veterinary's care
and last night X-rays were used on him
to see if the rings were really there.
Their location was discovered and then
the dog was made to disgorge.



Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

It will prove a good friend when you
have a fresh cold, bringing immediate
relief. You will find it equally true
in old colds, bronchitis, whooping-
cough, asthma.

And you will declare it "the best
friend in the world" if you will use
it for an irritable throat or weak lungs.
It acts as a strong tonic, clearing up
the throat, giving tone to the relaxed
tissues, and greatly strengthening the
lungs.

There are many substitutes and imi-
tations. Beware of them! Be sure you
get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Two sizes. Large and small bottles.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

CHAS. BREWER & CO'S.

NEW YORK LINE

Bark Foohing Suey

SAILING FROM

NEW YORK TO HONOLULU

July 1, 1902.

For freight rates apply to

CHAS. BREWER & CO.,

27 Kilby St., Boston.

C. BREWER & CO., LTD.

Honolulu.

A Few Specials IN GLASS WARE

7 piece Berry Sets com-
prising 1 large bowl
and 6 ind. saucers.... 60c

4 piece Table Sets con-
sisting of covered sugar,
covered butter, cream
jug and spoon holder. 50c

2 Quart Jugs..... 35c

Pickle, Jelly or Preserve
Dishes, each..... 10c

And many other articles.

See the display in one of
our show windows.

W. W. Dimond & Co.

LIMITED.

Dealers in Crockery, Glass
and Housefurnishings.

Sole Agents for the Cele-
brated Detroit Jewel Stove
and Gurney Refrigerators.

Philippine Sugar.

MANILA, July 20.—The merchants of
Hilo are using every endeavor to send
a delegation to the States with a view
to influencing the United States free
sugar to enter the United States free
of duty. The idea seems to have met
with general approval and funds are
flowing in. It is intended that an
American lawyer, experienced in agri-
cultural affairs in these islands, shall
accompany the deputation in order to
facilitate the negotiations of the deputation.
The latter will defray all the
expenses of the attorney selected.

The Edward May expects to complete
loading sugar at Makawell on Tuesday
and will probably sail for the coast on
Wednesday.